



WASHINGTON OFFICE ON LATIN AMERICA

Celebrating 30 years of promoting democracy, human rights and social justice in Latin America.

February 25, 2013

Mr. Fernando Carrillo
Minister of the Interior
Colombia

Dear Mr. Carrillo,

We are sorry to hear that you had to postpone the meeting you had planned with us at the Colombian Embassy in Washington, DC, earlier today. We, at the Washington Office on Latin America (WOLA), are very interested in dialoguing with you on labor rights, human rights and specific protection cases of concern. With this purpose in mind we are sending you in letter the information that we had planned to discuss with you in person. We hope to be able to discuss the issues found in this letter with you directly in the future.

We think it is very positive that the Colombian Government is negotiating an agreement to end the conflict with the FARC guerillas. While the implementation of such an accord would greatly help in improving the security situation throughout the country and be a concrete step toward improving the protection of human rights, it is required that while this process moves forward that the Colombian Government increase its attention and take more decisive actions leading to concrete results in human rights, labor rights and security for human rights defenders, afrocolombian leaders (both male and female) and communities.

With regards to labor rights, we take this opportunity to ask that you intervene to guarantee the following:

- 1) Colombia's compliance with the commitments made in the U.S.-Colombia Labor Action Plan; in particular, those relating to the protection of trade unionists and labor activists, justice in cases of murdered trade unionists and direct contracting for workers in the port, oil, mining, sugar and oil palm sectors.
- 2) Actions leading to results and the reintegration of workers fired in the above labor sectors.

Our organization remains concerned about the continued killings of trade unionists and the death threats against members of this sector. In 2012, 20 trade unionists were murdered and so far in 2013 four more have been killed. Between 2011 and 2012, the National Labor School (ENS) Reports that there was a 68 percent increase in death threats against members this sector. We have received reports indicating that there has been a 30 percent decrease in financing for protection mechanisms for trade unionists and that many measures are being rolled back. Impunity in the cases of trade union murders remains upwards of 90 percent, and in the few

cases where we have seen advances towards justice, the majority of the persons sanctioned are the material authors and not the intellectual authors or the persons who financed such violence.

In the priority sectors of the U.S.-Colombia Labor Action Plan, we have seen steps backwards when it comes to advancing towards direct contracts—which is a major goal of the LAP. Decree 2025 of 2011 only finished the associative cooperatives (CTAs) in name. This sub-contracting model, which the LAP intends to end, continues.

More than 80% of port workers remain employed under other sub-contracting models known as SAS and other names. These sub-contracting models create serious obstacles to trade union organizing and efforts to improve labor conditions. As a result, when workers suffer occupational accidents or work related illnesses, they do not have their needs met. Workers who become handicapped due to their jobs and the family members of workers who are killed end up in ruins.

Intimidation of members of the Port Workers Union (UP) and their affiliates continue. Reprisals against workers who try to improve their situation are common practice. In 2012ⁱⁱ more than 1,000 port workers were fired (including more than 400 in Buenaventura, more than 200 in Barranquilla, more than 80 in Turbo, more than 50 in Santa Marta and more than 250 in Cartagena). The Port Society and Contecar have also reduced the salaries of some 600 workers.

In the sugar sector, we strongly condemn the recent murder of Juan Carlos Perez Munoz, the leader of Sintrainagro that occurred on January 28, 2013 in Corinto, Cauca. We see the recent layoffs in January 2013 of 110 sugar cane cutters in the sugar factories La Cana and Maria Luisa, which occurred according to their trade union affiliation Sintrainagro, as a major setback in the implementation of the LAP. These layoffs have slowly added up to massive layoffs in this sector that remain unresolved. One particularly worrisome case that is still unresolved is the 2009 layoffs of more than 315 workers in the sugar factories in San Carlos, many of whom were members of unions. These workers, whose families include about 800 children, were not only fired unjustly and illegally, but were also stigmatized as “dangerous and belligerent.” As a result of their unjust termination of employment, the workers are experiencing difficulties finding new jobs, and their families are starting to feel the effects of poverty.

In the energy mining sector, it worries us that various members of the administration of the Federation of Sintramienergetica and Sintraime and their coastal branches, as well as the administration of the CUT, are being threatened by right winged extremist groups through pamphlets and phone calls to union leaders. Three workers refused to be bribed by paramilitaries, and consequently have been killed. Direct hiring has also ceased in this sector. Business subcontracts of the multinational carbon corporations in Cesar, including Drummond, Vale, CNR, and Glencore, are laying off workers by the masses and forcing them to leave those jobs in which they have contracts. The union leaders from the subcontracted company GECOLSA have been moved to work sites in poor conditions. Now they are isolated and the six directors of Sintraime Subdirectivas Chiriguana and Valledupar are stuck, without being assigned any work, and denied the right to unionize.

We have not seen the implementation of positive changes for workers in the oil sector. In 2012, the USO reported 8 murders, 10 attacks, and 34 threats against members of their union. We condemn these deaths, particularly that of Milton Enrique Rivas Parra, the union leader of this sector, who was killed in Puerto Gaitan (Meta) on December 11, 2012. Union activity and social protests in this sector are systematically repressed and criminalized. USO access to visit workers on site is denied and blocked by members of the Colombian public forces and private security. Workers who try to affiliate with unions are black listed, intimidated, or interrogated by employers, or suffer from disciplinary actions or dismissals.

We have received reports that indicate that an anti-union policies exist in the multinational and corporate companies of Ecopetrol. Workers are contracted on a short term basis, and as a result, do not have stable employment; they can be fired at any moment, they cannot unionize, and they don't have the opportunity to improve their conditions. Workers cannot form a list of grievances as workers have previously done at the Department of Santander with Ecodiesel and Cartagena with businesses like Propilco, Reficar, CB&I, and Comai.

In this sector, 80% of workers are either subcontracted or employed indirectly. In the region of Puerto Gaitan, where more than 100 contractors and subcontractors affiliated with Pacific Rubiales and Cepcolsa operate, the labor conditions are precarious. Workers are contracted on a short term basis, and as a result, do not have stable employment, they can be fired at any moment, they cannot unionize, and they don't have the opportunity to improve their conditions. In the case of the state company Ecopetrol, about 30,000 of 38,000 workers were sub-contracted.

In the case of the union Sinaltrainal, with whom WOLA works closely, the murders and continued threats against the union are worrisome. It is important to note that there has not been progress nor results achieved in the investigations that are promoted by violations against those affiliated with Sinaltrainal. In terms of protecting those affiliated with Sinaltrainal, the police have not returned to carry out perimeter visits of the union leaders in, for example, Javier Correa (home), the headquarters of Sinaltrainal Bogota, Fredy Sepulveda (Tulua), Julio Lopez, Fabio Olaya, Alvaro Varela (Bugalagrande) and others.

It is problematic that the National Protection Unit (UNP) regulates the preventative measures over Colombia's recommendations for the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights (IACHR). Also troublesome is that the UNP is cutting security measures for various affiliates of Sinaltrainal (Julio Lopez, Alvaro Varela, and Rafael Esquivel). The judicial cases against William Mendoza and Juan Carlos Galvis are putting their lives at risk, and while Sinaltrainal has solicited a hearing with the Attorney General (Dec. 2011), to date it has not been granted. In the production plants of Coca Cola and Cerveceria Bavaria in Cundinamarca and other sites, labor mediations and union persecutions continue to be a problem.

Protection of Defenders of Human Rights and Afro-Colombian Leaders

In regards to the rights of victims and defenders of human rights, we ask you to take action to assure the following:

- 1) The criminal prosecution and discipline of those responsible for attacks against victims, defenders of human rights, and Afro-Colombian leaders
- 2) The provision of political guarantees and a true public policy on protection that guarantees an effective and fast response to the need to protect defenders of human rights (including Afro-Colombian organizations, displaced persons, women, and indigenous peoples).
- 3) The suspension of intelligence activities and the publication of completed reports by intelligence organizations to harass and discredit the victims and defenders of human rights.

The report “We are Defenders” (Somos Defensores), launched in February 2013, notes that in 2012, every 20 hours a defender of human rights was attacked, and every five days a human rights defender was murdered. There was a 49% rise in attacks against defenders of human rights compared to 2011. Sixty-nine defenders were killed, and 50 more were assaulted. These are alarming numbers that require a higher level of police intervention to prevent more deaths. It is evident that the safety of those who defend human rights has become a crisis that requires political action from more than just the means given by the National Protection Unit. The best way to prevent more attacks is the criminal sanction and discipline of those responsible.

On November 13, 2012, a large number of WOLA’s partner organizations received a threat (see Annex 2). We ask you to do everything in your power to guarantee the protection of individuals and organizations who received the threat, and that you investigate who is responsible and who should be prosecuted.

On December 1, Miller Angulo from the Association of Displaced Afro-Colombians (Asociación Nacional de Afrocolombianos Desplazados, AFRODES) was assassinated in Tumaco. Last month the son of a member of the directorate of the Association of Displaced Persons Second of May (Asociación de Desplazados dos de mayo, ADOM) was also killed. Both individuals were from organizations included on the threat list. The current insecurity of AFRODES leaders continues to be worrisome. In January, new security incidents demonstrated the continued vulnerability of these leaders. We see the process that is being furthered by the Protection Unit (Unidad de Protección) of collective measures in six regions for AFRODES Afro-Colombian leaders as a positive one. We hope that this process and the individual measures advance rapidly and that they begin to provide protection results. We will be monitoring these efforts.

We understand that you met with representatives from the League of Displaced Women (la Liga de Mujeres Desplazadas), who were on the November 13 threat list, and that they are exploring the possibility of doing a roundtable for the collective protection of women who will lead the League of Displaced Women and that you will be traveling to Cartagena on March 8 to celebrate International Women’s Day in the City of Women. We also see these actions as positive ones

and we will follow the issue of protection of the female members of this organization. We hope that this results in concrete results in terms of protection.

The Movement of Victims of State-Sponsored Crimes (Movimiento de Victimas de Crimenes de Estado, MOVICE), which was also listed in the November 13 threat, reports that they closely monitored twelve requests for new or expanded protection of existing measures for MOVICE members during 2012. The same analysis showed that there were denials of applications in high risk cases. Of the 12 requests made or accompanied by this group, only one person received new or increased measures.

They found that there is a lack of collective protection measures, as well as denial of these measures by the Protection Unit in cases accompanied by or solicited by MOVICE. The UNP has also, as in the case of the National Union of Food Industry Workers (Sindicato Nacional de Trabajadores de la Industria de Alimentos, SINALTRAINAL), submitted individuals as part of precautionary measures by the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights (Corte Inter-Americana de Derechos Humanos, CIDH) to individual risk studies. MOVICE notes other problems such as lack of reporting on the progress of the applicant's process, lack of flexibility in the process, incompleteness of proper procedures and lack of coordination and cuts in fuel subsidies for protection schemes. It would be ideal for the Ministry to work with MOVICE to see how these gaps between the Protection Unit and MOVICE or accompanied by MOVICE can be improved.

We also request that you take action against the sham prosecutions against human rights defenders and in particular the cases of David Ravelo, who was recently sentenced to 18 years and Juan David Diaz who faces a series of false charges for paramilitarism. Members of SINALTRAINAL with baseless prosecutions against them, in particular those of Juan Carlos Galvis and William Mendoza, also require action.

Aside from the organizations listed on the November 13, 2012 threat, we ask that you pay attention to other security situations that are equally problematic. We are concerned about the harassments faced by the members of the NGO Justice and Dignity Corporation and particularly lawyer Sofia Lopez and Alexander Montana. We understand that in this case, although the Protection Unit established that the level of risk for lawyers is extraordinary, they continue waiting for their protection measures. Furthermore, it has yet to be established who are responsible for the attacks and harassment. We ask that the Ministry act so that these facts are investigated and those responsible are found in order to prevent future actions against these lawyers.

In relation to the protection of members of the NGO Justice and Peace and leaders of the Curvarado and Jiguamiando and Cacarica communities, we share the concerns expressed to President Juan Manuel Santo in the letter from U.S. Congressmen in February 2013. We firmly condemn the attack against Father Alberto Franco of Justice and Peace in Bogota and the circulation of letters to the international community and others containing falsehoods against

members of this NGO. This type of behavior threatens the lives of human rights defenders and should be strongly condemned by your office and other Colombian government officials.

At the same time we demand that the Ministry ensure the safety of Afro-Colombians involved in the recent case of Marino Lopez and Operation Genesis who testified before the Inter-American Court of Human Rights and members of the CAVIDA community that they recently suffered harassment by armed groups in the northern area of Choco. We have enclosed a letter (Annex One) on the collective measures of protection for leaders of the Curvarado and Jiguamiando communities and we ask that you implement the recommendations made in this letter.

In Barrancabermeja (Magdalena Media) human rights defenders have suffered a wave of threats and other types of harassment. The human rights platform in the region (Espacio de Trabajadores y Trabajadores de Derechos Humanos) notes that in 2013 there have been five murders, eight extrajudicial executions, two disappeared persons, thirty individual threats, five collective threats and a massive displacement. On February 21, 2013, Luz Almanza of the Association for Relatives of the Detained-Disappeared (La Asociacion de Familiares de Detenidos Desaparecidos, ASFADDES) received a pamphlet and a bullet warning her to leave the city within 24 hours. On February 11, 2013, Yolanda Becerra and Gloria Amparo Suarez of the Popular Women's Organization received threats. Between the 11 and 23 of February, other threats and harassments occurred against several other defenders and leaders of victims and workers. In this situation, we urge that the Protection Unit activate the protection mechanisms quickly and effectively for those threatened and pressure the Mayor's Office to protect victims. .

We believe that the protection of Afro-Colombian communities, particularly their leaders, requires more political attention from the Ministry of Interior and the President and that this situation requires inter-institutional attention given the seriousness of the cases.

The insecurity and violations against Afro-Colombians has significantly deteriorated in Tumaco and Buenaventura and remains serious in Choco, Narino, Cauca and Valle del Cauca and urban areas receiving Afro-Colombians, such as Quibdo, Medellin, Cali, Cartagena and Ciudad Bolivar/Soacha.

The recent report by the Diocese of Tumaco which includes abuses in the region, reports of attacks against Afro-Colombian women and the events in recent months in Buenaventura are alarming. We ask that you, along with the Office of the President of Colombia, intervene to find solutions that lead to the protection of these communities, prevent internal displacement and punish those responsible for these abuses.

On Saturday, February 23, Demetrio Lopez, the President of the Community Council of Cauca was killed. We ask that your office intervene and ensure that the Attorney General's Office investigates this murder and punishes those responsible.

Finally we are concerned about the threats and persecutions that Yilson Arias, a student activist leader of the Technological University of Choco and member of the Colombian Association of

University Students, has suffered. We ask that you take appropriate measures to guarantee the life and physical integrity of Mr. Arias.

We appreciate your attention to these matters and other cases of great importance to WOLA. We await a response from the Ministry about these issues and hope to talk with you in person during your next visit to Washington, D.C.

Sincerely,

Gimena Sanchez-Garzoli
Senior Associate
Andes Program
WOLA

ANNEX ONE: LETTER FROM CUVARADO AND JIGUAMIANDO COMMUNITIES

Curbaradó River Basin, 21 February 2013

Mr. Fernando Carrillo
Minister of the Interior

Greetings:

We are members of the Association of Humanitarian Zones and Biodiversity Zones of Curbaradó and Jiguamiandó belonging to the lower councils of Camelias, Caño Manso, Caracolí, Llano Rico, Apartadocito, Andalucía, El Tesoro, El Guamo, and in the Jiguamiandó River Basin Nueva Esperanza, Pueblo Nuevo, El Hobo. We were invited to a meeting that will take place in Carmen del Darien, and although we don't know the purpose of the meeting we assume that the focus will be the Order issued by the Constitutional Court, therefore taking advantage of your presence we once again make known to the Ministry of the Interior the following:

1. Taking into account that our brothers Orlando Valencia Argenito Díaz, Manuel and Samir Ruiz were killed after having been apprehended and held prisoner while they traveled on public buses, we request the following collective protection measures:
 - a. 8 four by four vehicles for travel to the communities
 - b. 11 boats for community travel in the Jiguamiandó River and 20 for the communities in the Curbaradó River Valley.
2. These vehicles would be made visible with distinguishing emblems in order to guarantee the security of those who travel in them, and the authorities would be informed about the emblems that would identify the vehicles.
3. Similarly, two trucks are requested in order to transport to market the goods produced by the community, which as a result of the blockade and economic control exercised in the area by paramilitary-business structures have impeded the communities' ability to sustain themselves.
4. Improvement in the mobile phone network coverage.

Our requests for these measures have not received a response, and in fact as of 6 February 2013 the UNP has implemented the following individual protection measures, which have not been requested by us given their ineffectiveness in providing protection.

- a. 10 bullet proof vests
- b. 20 cellphones, ignoring the fact that in the region there isn't cellphone coverage
- c. 9 transportation subsidies, which aren't effective since traveling in public transportation is not safe, as evidenced by the murder of Manuel and Samir Ruiz
- d. 4 motorcycles
- e. A motor boat without gasoline nor the proper permits to travel
- f. 3 horses, one of which is dead

Another of our concerns is the security of our leaders and the figures most visible in the restitution process, Ligia María Chaverra and Enrique Petro, whose protection measures have not been fully implemented, despite the fact of their high risk level that continues to increase with defamations and persecution.

[We also draw attention to the fact that] in response to our requests for protection measures the military began the construction of a military base within our collective territory, on land currently in the hands of a bad faith occupant and beneficiary of the paramilitary structures that operate in the region, who authorized the construction of said base without actually have rights to our territory and without consulting with us in the communities.

We believe that the construction of this military base will worsen the conflict, it is known that the guerrillas are attacked but that actions are not taken against the paramilitary structures, which maintain territorial and social control in the region as well as maintain a close relationship with the police and army, all of which increases the already high risks we face. Can one call these kinds of conditions protection?

The paramilitary structures continue to operate freely in the region and exercise control, and where they are in control the public forces are present.

Additionally, at this time we are concerned for the situation of the family of Manuel and Samir Ruiz, who have requested to return to their land, but there has not been a response to the request they submitted in December of last year.

Sincerely,

Association of Humanitarian Zones and Biodiversity Zones of Curbaradó and Jiguamiandó

With copies to the International Community

ANNEX TWO: DEATH THREAT FROM THE BLACK EAGLES PARAMILITARY GROUP 13 NOVEMBER 2013

De: AGUILAS FENIX <fenixaguilasnegrass@gmail.com>

Para: lunarodry@hotmail.es; copafad1020@yahoo.es; contactenos@paislibre.org; charlisan26@yahoo.com; corpaccionpd@hotmail.com; sdrocio@hotmail.com; capyr77@hotmail.com; mujeresunidasenpiedelucha@hotmail.com

Enviado: Mar, Noviembre 13, 2012 18:14:12 PM

Asunto:COMUNICADO.....NO LOS HEMOS OLVIDADO.....

BLOQUE CAIPAL D.C.

EN EL AMBITO DEL RECONOCIMIENTO DEL AREA DE EXPOSICION DEL BLOQUE METROPOLITANO LAS AGUILAS NEGRAS EN BOGOTA Y LOS MUNICIPIOS DE CUNDINAMARCA Y A NIVEL NACIONAL.

DESEN POR MUERTOS SAPOS HIJUEPUTAS.....

LLEGO LA HORA DE ACABARLOS....

SAPOS HIJUEPUTAS REGALADOS, VENDIDOS.....SABEMOS DONDE UBICARLOS.....MUERTE.....MUERTE.....MUERTERATAS ...LOS UBICAREMOS EN OFICINAS, CASAS DONDE VIVEN, DONDE ESTUDIAN Y SOBRE TODO EN DONDE SE REUNEN.

NO CREA QUE LOS HEMOS OLVIDADO PERROS HIJUEPUTAS CONTINUAMOS DECLARÁNDOLOS OBJETIVO MILITAR Y PLAN DE EXTERMINIO A TODOS AQUELLOS QUE CONTINUAN METIENDOS EN DONDE NO LOS HAN LLAMADO, PLAN DE EXTERMINIO CONTRA LOS LIDERES, PERIODISTAS, DEFENSORES DE DERECHOS HUMANOS, GUERRILLEROS QUE SE CUBREN EL ROSTRO CON LA FACHADA DE ONG Y ORGANIZACIONES DE DESPLAZADOS Y QUIENES LES AYUDAN BAJO EL PARADIGMA DE DEFENSORES DE DERECHOS HUMANOS Y QUIENES CONTINÚAN OBSTACULIZANDO Y REALIZANDO MANIFESTACIONES, MARCHAS, TALLERES Y EVENTOS.....BAJO EL PARADIGMA DE VICTIMAS.... EMITIMOS NUEVAMENTE COMO AMENAZA DE MUERTE Y ANIQUILACIÓN CONTRA LAS ORGANIZACIONES SOCIALES QUE CONTINÚAN DESINTEGRANDO LAS POLITICAS Y EL ESTADO DE CONCIENCIA DEL PUEBLO:

LOS TENEMOS EN LA MIRA PERROS HIJUEPUTAS COBARDES Y DESDE YA PUEDEN DARS EN POR MUERTOS.

Y CABE MENCIONAR QUE SABEMOS QUIENES SON LOS QUE LIDERAN LAS MARCHAS , DONDE CITAN Y PARTICIPAN UNOS CUANTOS TÍTERES DEL ESTADO GUERRILLERO.

ESTE APENAS ES EL PRINCIPIO PARA TODOS LOS SAPOS HIJUEPUTAS QUE OBSTACULIZAN Y SE METEN EN LO QUE NO LES INCUMBE. COMO LE HA SUCEDIDO A VARIOS DE LOS QUE HOY YA NO PUEDEN HABLAR.....

MUERTEMUERTE.....A.....GIOVANNI JIMÉNEZ AGUDELO, PRESIDENTE DE CODHES, MARCO ROMERO, CAPITOLINO RIAÑO, SARA VALES DUQUE, GUSTABO ALBERTO MUÑOZ, ELIECER CHAVEZ, JAVIER, DANIEL RENDON, EDUARDO CAMACHO, MYRIAM LOPEZ RONCANCIO, JAVIER EMBUS, RIGOBERTO JIMENEZ, SANDRA LOAIZA,

YIMI CARRILLO, SANDRA TAFUR, ANTONIO ARIZA, RAFAEL, RAFAEL RIVERA, ROBERTO, YANNETH, MYRIAM VARGAS OROZCO, ANGELA, DUCUARA, CLAUDIA DE LA HOZ, CABILDOS INDÍGENAS DE TOTORÓ, YANAONA, GUAMBIA, COCONUCO, PÁEZ, NAUDETH MARGOT ESPITIA UPARELA, IVÁN MORENO ROJAS, PARMENIO , CUÉLLAR, GUILLERMO MAGLIONI, JAIME DUSSÁN Y JESÚS BERNAL AMOROCHO, ALFAMIR CASTILLO, PEDRO VICENTE OBANDO, CARLOS RUIZ RESTREPO, RENE GARZÓN, LOS EX CONCEJALES DE BOGOTÁ ALVARO ARGOTE, ROBERT ANDRES VALENS, ORLANDO SANTISTEBAN Y ROBERTO SÁENZ, YANNETH VALENS, ROSARIO MONTOYA HOYOS, CAMILO FAJARDO CABRERA, PEDRO VICENTE OBANDO ORDOÑEZ, CARLOS EDUARDO RESTREPO , DANIEL RENDON.DAIRA ORDOÑEZ,

POR LO CUAL DECLARAMOS OBJETIVO MILITAR A LAS CITADAS ONGS QUE SE DISFRAZAN DE DEFENSORAS DE POBLACION DESPLAZADA Y DEFENSORAS DE DERECHOS HUMANOS.

DECLARAMOS DE MUERTE Y SEGUIMIENTO A: LIGA DE MUJERES DESPLAZADAS, ANDESCOL, FENSUAGRO, CORPOCAM, SUTEQ, ACEU, FEU, ASPU, ORQUIN, MUJERES EN PIE DE LUCHA POR UNA COLOMBIA PRODUCTIVA, UTP, SINALTRAINAL, ASODUNIR, SINTRAUNICOL, JUCO, CRIDEC, ASOCIACIÓN NACIONAL DE AFROCOLOMBIANOS DESPLAZADOS (AFRODES), AFRODES BOGOTÁ – CUNDINAMARCA ABCUN, ASOCIACIÓN DE AFROCOLOMBIANOS DESPLAZADOS- REGIONAL BUENAVENTURA (AFRODESBUENAVENTURA), ASOCIACIÓN DE CABILDOS INDÍGENAS DEL NORTE DEL CAUCA (ACIN), ASOCIACIÓN DE DESPLAZADOS DE CONDOTO (ASODESCON), ASOCIACIÓN DE DESPLAZADOS DEL BAUDÓ (ASODESBA), ASOCIACIÓN DE DESPLAZADOS DE NOVITA (ASODESNOV), ASOCIACIÓN DE INGENIERO AFROCOLOMBIANOS, INGEDSA LTDA, ASDEP, ASODEFENSA, ASOSISALUD, ASOCIACIÓN UNIDOS DE TUMACO CONSEJOS COMUNITARIOS Y ORGANIZACIONES DEL BAJO ATRATO (ASCOBA), ASOCIACION DE DESPLAZADOS DOS DE MAYO (ADOM), ASOCIACIÓN DE FAMILIARES DE LA VIOLENCIA POLÍTICA DE RIOSUCIO, CHOCÓ, ASOCIACION DE FAMILIAS DESPLAZADAS BUSCANDO FUTURO (ASGADEBUF), ANTIOQUIA, ASOCIACIÓN DE MUJERES AFRODESCENDIENTES DE YOLOMBO (ASOMUAFROYO), ASOCIACIÓN DE MUJERES DESPLAZADAS (ASOMUDESPA), ASOCIACIÓN DE MUJERES MINERAS DE PALOBLANCO, BUENOS AIRES CAUCA, ASOCIACIÓN DE ORGANIZACIONES POPULARES DE MICA Y (ASOPOMY), ASOCIACIÓN JUNTOS POR EL PROGRESO (JUNPRO), ASOCIACIÓN MINGA, ASOCIACIÓN MUNICIPAL DE MUJERES (ASOM),CAMPAÑA PERMANENTE, TIERRA, VIDA Y DIGNIDAD, COLECTIVO DE ABOGADOS JOSÉ ALVEAR RESTREPO (CCAJAR), CONSEJO COMUNITARIO GENERAL DEL SAN JUAN (ACADESAN), CONSEJO COMUNITARIO MAYOR DE LA ORGANIZACIÓN POPULAR CAMPESINA DEL ALTO ATRATO (COCOMOPOCA), CONSULTORÍA PARA LOS DERECHOS HUMANOS Y EL DESPLAZAMIENTO (CODHES), CORPORACIÓN JURÍDICA YIRA CASTRO, CORPORACION SISMA MUJER, (FEDEAFRO), FUNDACION INTEGRAL

PACIFICO NARIÑENSE (FIPAN),FUNDADESPLAZADOS, FUNDACIÓN CAMINANDO, (FCSP), FUNDACIÓN DOS MUNDOS, FUNDACIÓN HUELLAS DEL PACIFICO (FUNHUPAC), FUNDACIÓN INFANCIA FELIZ, BARRANQUILLA, FUNDACIÓN MUJER Y VIDA, FUNDACIÓN NUEVO MILENIO, META, FUNDACIÓN ROSTROS Y HUELLAS DEL SENTIR HUMANO “GARIFUNA”, FUNDACIÓN SIEMPRE UNIDOS, FUNDACIÓN SOCIAL AFROCOLOMBIANOS DEL PACIFICO COLOMBIANO (FUSAFROPAC), GRUPO DE MUJERES FLOR DEL CAMPO DE LA Balsa -BUENOS AIRES CAUCA, GRUPO DE MUJERES LAS ORQUÍDEAS DE CASCAJERO -BUENOS AIRES CAUCA, GRUPO DE MUJERES NUEVO AMANECER DE AGUA BLANCA -BUENOS AIRES CAUCA, GRUPO DE MUJERES PRODUCTORAS EN ACCIÓN -BUENOS AIRES CAUCA, GRUPO DE MUJERES RENACER DE HONDURAS- BUENOS AIRES CAUCA, INSTITUTO DE ESTUDIOS PARA EL DESARROLLO Y LA PAZ (INDEPAZ),” (MILLER ANGULO). HUMANIDAD VIGENTE, FUNDACION INFANCIA FELIZ, , MOVIMIENTO DE VICTIMAS.....

SABEMOS DONDE VIVEN CADA UNO DE USTEDES..... LOS RECORRIDOS QUE HACEN..... CON QUIENES ANDAN , SABEMOS TAMBIÉN QUE MUCHOS DE USTEDES ESTAN TRAMITANDO SALIDA DEL PAIS PERO QUEREMOS DEJARLES CLARO QUE DONDE SEA LOS ENCONTRAREMOS PARA ALQUILARLOS A USTEDES Y SUS FAMILIAS.....

ESPERAMOS QUE LES HAYA QUEDADO CLARO QUE SEGUIREMOS CON USTEDES.....

BLOQUE CENTRAL DE LAS AGUILAS NEGRAS