

Her story is one of violence and discrimination. She remembers her childhood with sadness; her mother mistreated her. At 13, she became pregnant from a 21-year-old man.

Even while pregnant, she continued suffering her mother's violence. She spent time under the care of the state, on the street, and in her grandmother's house.

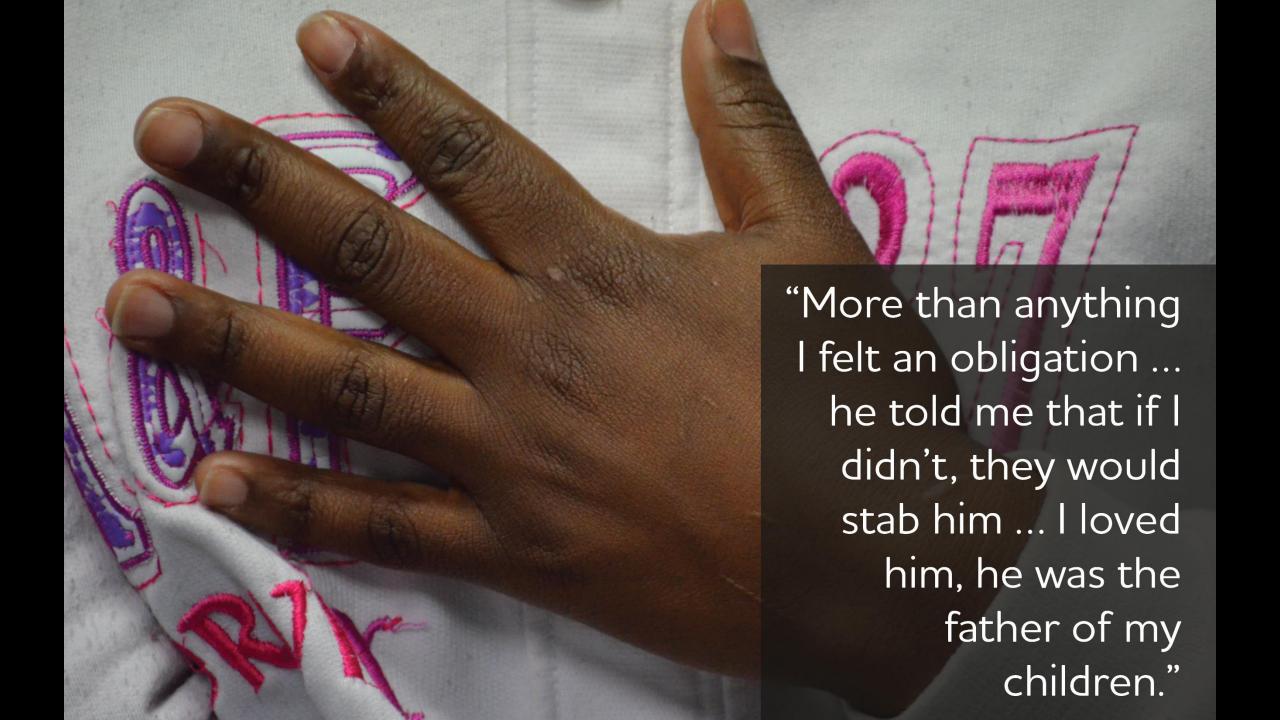


Desperate to find a safe place to live so she would not have to live on the street, she went to live with him. She had her second child at 16, her third at 18.

This man also hit her, and once stabbed her.

## The man was eventually arrested and imprisoned for robbery.

He pressured her into bringing drugs into the Acacias prison in Meta, Colombia.

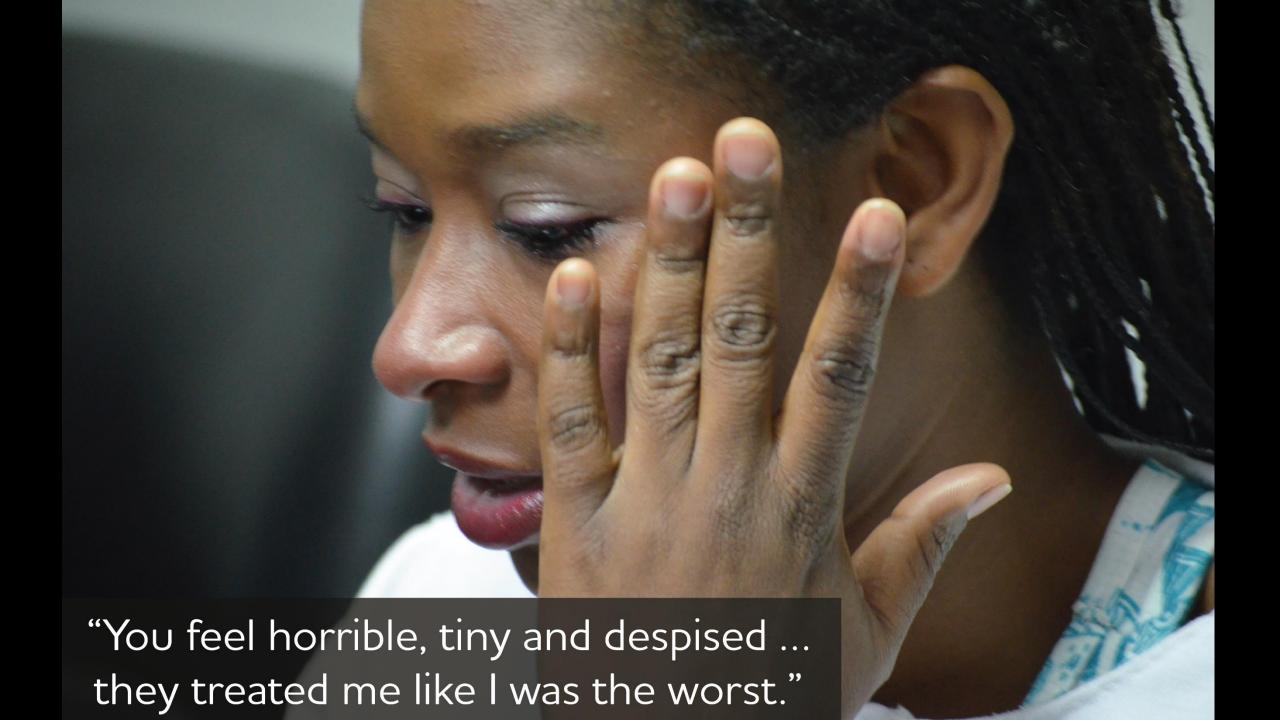




In a 2011 visit to the prison, dogs detected the drugs she was carrying in her body, and was incarcerated.

She has been subjected to racist abuse and discrimination by the guards and other prisoners.

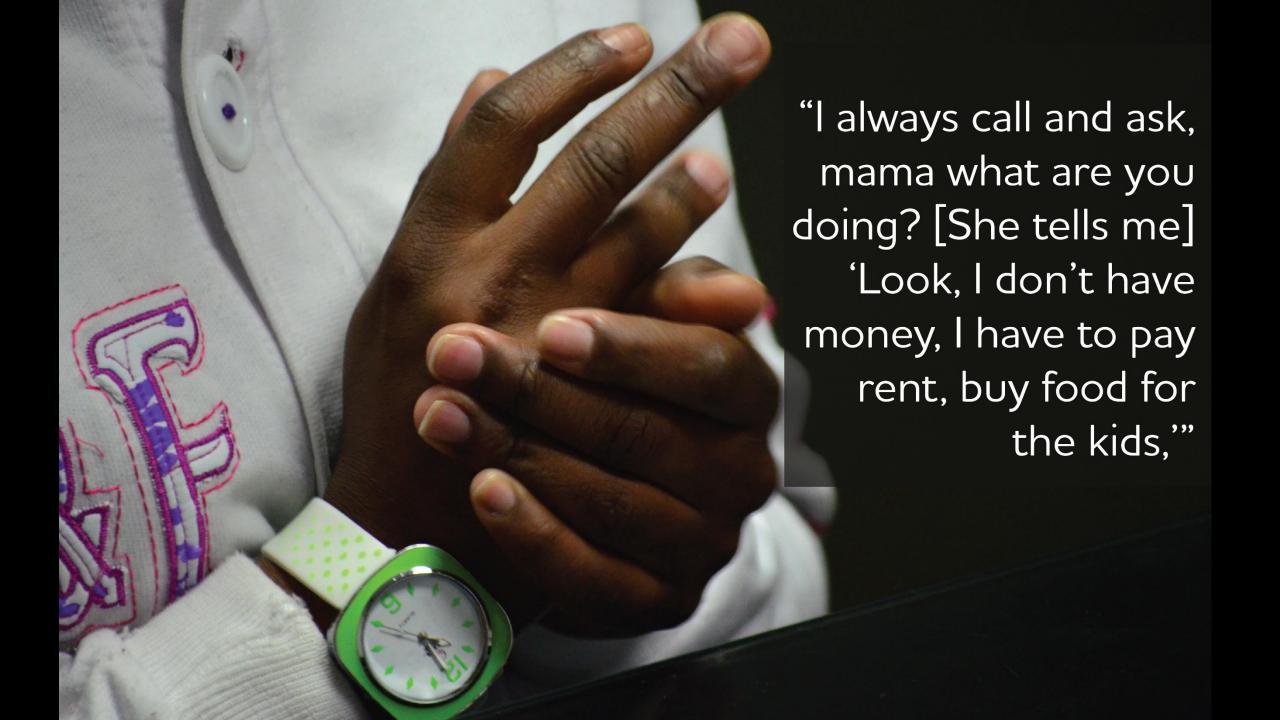


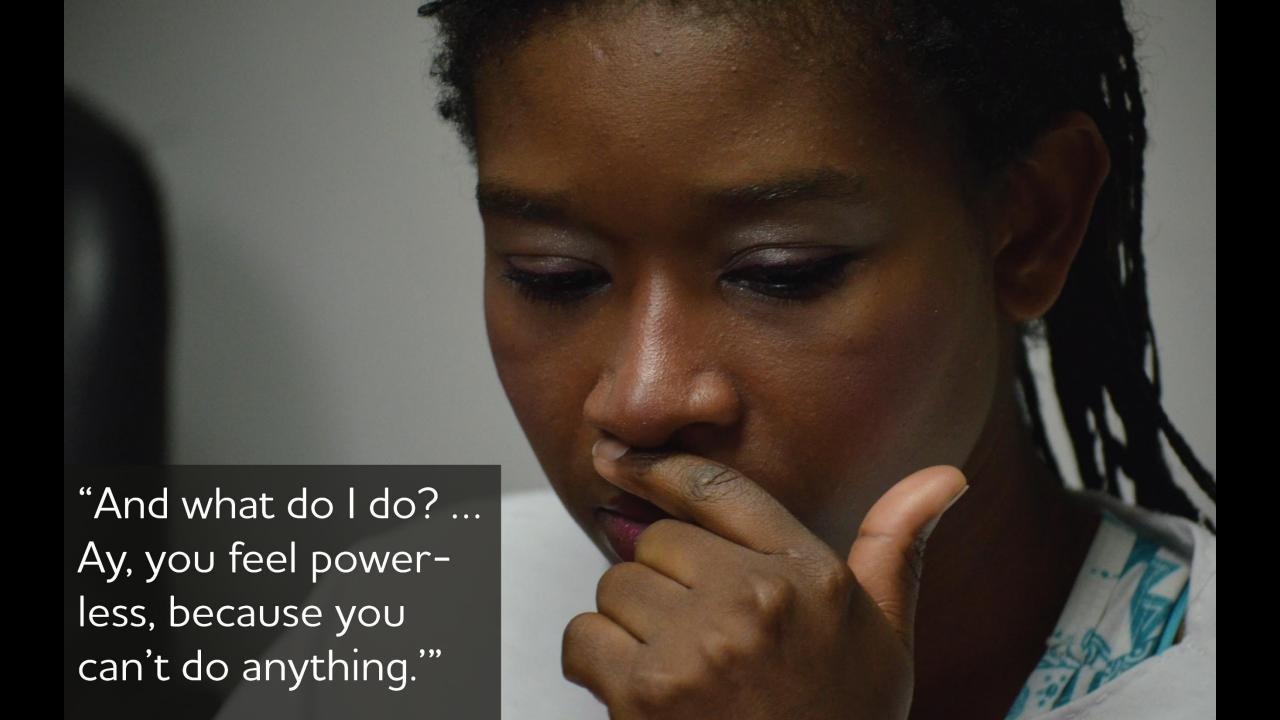


Sergio Chaparro is a lead researcher at Dejusticia, a Colombian NGO that documents and advocates for actions to counter discrimination. He says that the experience of Afro-Colombians—as well as other minorities —is particularly harsh in Colombia.









"My mom came five months ago, she's been the only one in my family [to visit]... it depresses me...l want to see her, I miss her, [I want] her to give me a hug."



"I don't consider myself a criminal, because I'm not one. It was for love ... that I did what I did."





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